

Structures of a Pair of Diastereomeric Salts of Ephedrine and Fluoro-Substituted Cyclic Phosphoric Acid

BY HILBERT J. BRUINS SLOT* AND FRANK J. J. LEUSEN

CAOS/CAMM Center, University of Nijmegen, Toernooiveld, 6525 ED Nijmegen, The Netherlands

A. D. VAN DER HAEST

Organic Chemistry Department, University of Groningen, Nijenborgh 16, 9747 AG Groningen, The Netherlands

AND F. VAN BOLHUIS

Crystal Structure Centre, University of Groningen, Nijenborgh 16, 9747 AG Groningen, The Netherlands

(Received 30 July 1991; accepted 23 September 1991)

Abstract. (1) Salt of (*S*)-(-)-5,5-dimethyl-4-*o*-fluorophenyl-2-hydroxy-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinane 2-oxide and (1*S*,2*R*)-(+)- α -[(1-methylamino)ethyl]benzyl alcohol, (+)-C₁₀H₁₆NO⁺·(-)-C₁₁H₁₃FO₄P⁻, $M_r = 425.436$, monoclinic, $P2_1$, $a = 10.122$ (1), $b = 7.826$ (1), $c = 13.715$ (1) Å, $\beta = 92.99$ (1)°, $V = 1085.0$ (2) Å³, $Z = 2$, $D_x = 1.302$ Mg m⁻³, Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (graphite monochromator), $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å, $\mu = 0.1599$ mm⁻¹, $F(000) = 452$, $T = 130$ K, final conventional $R = 0.040$, $wR = 0.042$ for 3487 observed unique reflections and 272 variables. (2) Salt of (*S*)-(-)-5,5-dimethyl-4-*o*-fluorophenyl-2-hydroxy-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinane 2-oxide and (1*R*,2*S*)-(-)- α -[(1-methylamino)ethyl]benzyl alcohol, (-)-C₁₀H₁₆NO⁺·(-)-C₁₁H₁₃FO₄P⁻, $M_r = 425.436$, monoclinic, $P2_1$, $a = 9.679$ (1), $b = 8.115$ (1), $c = 13.797$ (1) Å, $\beta = 98.14$ (2)°, $V = 1072.8$ (2) Å³, $Z = 2$, $D_x = 1.317$ Mg m⁻³, Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (graphite monochromator), $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å, $\mu = 0.1617$ mm⁻¹, $F(000) = 452$, $T = 130$ K, final conventional $R = 0.041$, $wR = 0.043$ for 3117 observed unique reflections and 272 variables. For both (1) and (2), the phosphorinane ring is in the usual chair conformation and the ephedrine is in the usual extended form. The crystal packings of (1) and (2) can be regarded as chains parallel to the *b* axis consisting of phosphorinane and ephedrine linked by hydrogen bonds. (1) and (2) are isostructural; only minor differences in the packing of the ephedrine phenyl moieties are observed.

Experimental. Colorless block shaped crystals were prepared from equimolar amounts of (-)-phosphorinane for both (1) and (2), and (+)-ephedrine

Table 1. Crystal and experimental data

	(1)	(2)
Crystal dimensions (mm)	0.30 × 0.25 × 0.25	0.35 × 0.25 × 0.20
No. of reflections to determine lattice parameters	25	25
θ range (°)	9.2–15.6	9.2–15.6
Maximum (sin θ)/ λ (Å ⁻¹)	0.745	0.807
<i>hkl</i> range		
<i>h</i>	0–15	0–15
<i>k</i>	0–11	0–13
<i>l</i>	–20–20	–22–22
No. of standard reflections	3	3
Drift correction range	0.983–1.054	1.000–1.093
Total data measured	3992	3299
Unique data [$I > 3\sigma(I)$]	3495	3120
Data used in the refinement	3487	3117
Parameters refined	272	272
<i>R</i>	0.040	0.041
wR [$w = (\sigma^2 F + gF^2)^{-1}$]	0.042	0.043
Weighting scheme parameter <i>g</i>	0.001	0.001
<i>S</i>	1.26	1.63
Maximum shift/e.s.d. in last cycle		
for non-H atoms	0.15	0.09
for H atoms	1.03	0.95
($\Delta\rho$) _{max} (e Å ⁻³)	0.44	0.52
($\Delta\rho$) _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	–0.37	–0.40

for (1) and (-)-ephedrine for (2) dissolved in acetone/water (1/1), by slow evaporation. Data sets were collected on an Enraf–Nonius CAD-4F κ -controlled diffractometer using graphite-monochromated Mo $K\alpha$ radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) and the θ – 2θ scan technique [$0 < \theta < 32^\circ$ for (1); $0 < \theta < 35^\circ$ for (2)] with a scan angle of $(0.75 + 0.35 \tan \theta)^\circ$ and a variable scan rate with a maximum scan time of 1.5 s per reflection at 130 K (van Bolhuis, 1971; van Nes & van Bolhuis, 1978). Profile analysis was not performed. Normal Lorentz–polarization corrections were applied, but no absorption corrections were made. Data pertinent to the intensity data collection and refinement are given in Table 1.

The structure of (2) was solved by direct methods (SDP/PDP software, Enraf–Nonius, 1985) and

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed.

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters (Å²) of non-H atoms

U_{eq} is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor. The first lines give values for (1), the second lines for (2).

	x	y	z	U_{eq}
P(2)	0.24521 (5)	0.27000	0.55621 (3)	0.0164 (2)
	0.25439 (5)	0.27270	0.54797 (3)	0.0141 (2)
F(1)	0.55199 (15)	-0.1724 (2)	0.73905 (12)	0.0338 (8)
	0.55391 (19)	-0.2100 (2)	0.69966 (11)	0.0509 (9)
O(1)	0.35952 (14)	0.4109 (2)	0.55865 (11)	0.0170 (6)
	0.38297 (16)	0.3971 (2)	0.55246 (11)	0.0157 (6)
O(3)	0.26690 (13)	0.1810 (2)	0.66119 (10)	0.0148 (6)
	0.28677 (14)	0.1798 (2)	0.65152 (10)	0.0127 (6)
O(21)	0.26512 (16)	0.1428 (2)	0.47726 (11)	0.0291 (7)
	0.12465 (17)	0.3709 (2)	0.54867 (13)	0.0160 (7)
O(22)	0.11455 (14)	0.3606 (2)	0.55553 (11)	0.0167 (6)
	0.25389 (17)	0.1498 (2)	0.46724 (11)	0.0261 (8)
C(4)	0.39922 (18)	0.1167 (3)	0.68688 (14)	0.0160 (8)
	0.4215 (2)	0.0979 (3)	0.67016 (14)	0.0135 (8)
C(5)	0.50020 (17)	0.2657 (3)	0.68595 (14)	0.0136 (7)
	0.5383 (2)	0.2293 (3)	0.67327 (15)	0.0142 (8)
C(6)	0.4916 (2)	0.3440 (3)	0.58290 (16)	0.0148 (8)
	0.5195 (2)	0.3184 (3)	0.57340 (15)	0.0134 (8)
C(41)	0.39172 (14)	0.02634 (19)	0.78501 (8)	0.0177 (8)
	0.42109 (16)	-0.00343 (18)	0.76406 (8)	0.0178 (9)
C(42)	0.47358 (14)	-0.11398 (19)	0.80532 (8)	0.0260 (10)
	0.49224 (16)	-0.15338 (18)	0.77284 (8)	0.0284 (11)
C(43)	0.46905 (14)	-0.19793 (19)	0.89482 (8)	0.0386 (13)
	0.49120 (16)	-0.24983 (18)	0.85643 (8)	0.0443 (14)
C(44)	0.38266 (14)	-0.14156 (19)	0.96399 (8)	0.0431 (14)
	0.41902 (16)	-0.19632 (18)	0.93124 (8)	0.0416 (14)
C(45)	0.30079 (14)	-0.00124 (19)	0.94368 (8)	0.0366 (13)
	0.34787 (16)	-0.04637 (18)	0.92245 (8)	0.0308 (11)
C(46)	0.30532 (14)	0.08271 (19)	0.85419 (8)	0.0243 (10)
	0.34890 (16)	0.05007 (18)	0.83886 (8)	0.0246 (10)
C(51)	0.4723 (2)	0.4020 (3)	0.76143 (18)	0.0283 (10)
	0.5357 (3)	0.3534 (3)	0.75602 (17)	0.0243 (10)
C(52)	0.6408 (2)	0.1963 (3)	0.70416 (18)	0.0139 (8)
	0.6817 (2)	0.1430 (4)	0.68343 (16)	0.0144 (9)
O(10)	0.14343 (16)	0.1605 (3)	0.29736 (12)	0.0249 (7)
	0.16458 (16)	0.1135 (3)	0.27301 (12)	0.0132 (7)
N(2)	-0.07014 (16)	0.2133 (2)	0.42488 (12)	0.0176 (7)
	-0.06936 (17)	0.1896 (3)	0.40985 (12)	0.0149 (7)
C(1)	0.08079 (19)	0.3211 (3)	0.30428 (14)	0.0151 (8)
	0.0209 (2)	0.0716 (3)	0.26375 (15)	0.0168 (8)
C(2)	-0.06513 (19)	0.2958 (3)	0.32615 (14)	0.0167 (8)
	-0.0693 (2)	0.2095 (3)	0.30174 (14)	0.0154 (8)
C(3)	-0.1409 (2)	0.1866 (3)	0.25011 (16)	0.0249 (10)
	-0.0233 (3)	0.3817 (3)	0.27810 (18)	0.0293 (11)
C(11)	0.09146 (15)	0.4278 (2)	0.21201 (8)	0.0168 (8)
	-0.03337 (15)	0.0397 (2)	0.15735 (8)	0.0198 (9)
C(12)	0.04427 (15)	0.5953 (2)	0.21060 (8)	0.0216 (10)
	-0.15916 (15)	-0.0454 (2)	0.13534 (8)	0.0260 (11)
C(13)	0.05298 (15)	0.6949 (2)	0.12681 (8)	0.0289 (12)
	-0.21909 (15)	-0.0660 (2)	0.03804 (8)	0.0279 (12)
C(14)	0.10889 (15)	0.6270 (2)	0.04443 (8)	0.0428 (15)
	-0.15324 (15)	-0.0016 (2)	-0.03724 (8)	0.0497 (17)
C(15)	0.15608 (15)	0.4595 (2)	0.04585 (8)	0.0529 (18)
	-0.02746 (15)	0.0835 (2)	-0.01524 (8)	0.0581 (19)
C(16)	0.14737 (15)	0.3599 (2)	0.12964 (8)	0.0372 (13)
	0.03248 (15)	0.1041 (2)	0.08206 (8)	0.0342 (12)
C(20)	-0.1936 (2)	0.2491 (3)	0.47521 (18)	0.0257 (9)
	-0.1860 (3)	0.2768 (3)	0.44794 (16)	0.0284 (10)

Table 3. Selected bond lengths (Å), bond angles (°) and torsion angles (°) between non-H atoms

	(1)	(2)
P(2)—O(1)	1.5974 (15)	1.5969 (16)
P(2)—O(3)	1.6042 (15)	1.6065 (15)
P(2)—O(21)	1.4922 (16)	1.4884 (17)
P(2)—O(22)	1.5002 (15)	1.4946 (16)
F(1)—C(42)	1.319 (2)	1.326 (2)
O(1)—C(6)	1.458 (3)	1.459 (3)
O(3)—C(4)	1.457 (2)	1.454 (3)
C(4)—C(5)	1.551 (3)	1.550 (3)
C(4)—C(41)	1.526 (2)	1.535 (2)
C(5)—C(6)	1.539 (3)	1.544 (3)
C(5)—C(51)	1.523 (3)	1.525 (3)
C(5)—C(52)	1.532 (3)	1.543 (3)
O(10)—C(1)	1.413 (3)	1.420 (3)
N(2)—C(2)	1.503 (3)	1.500 (3)
N(2)—C(20)	1.485 (3)	1.490 (3)
C(1)—C(2)	1.535 (3)	1.555 (3)
C(1)—C(11)	1.525 (2)	1.510 (2)
C(2)—C(3)	1.524 (3)	1.516 (3)
O(1)—P(2)—O(3)	102.46 (8)	102.08 (8)
O(1)—P(2)—O(21)	110.52 (9)	108.35 (9)
O(1)—P(2)—O(22)	108.13 (8)	111.78 (9)
O(3)—P(2)—O(21)	110.14 (8)	107.70 (9)
O(3)—P(2)—O(22)	106.87 (8)	109.22 (8)
O(21)—P(2)—O(22)	117.59 (9)	116.64 (10)
P(2)—O(1)—C(6)	114.30 (13)	114.20 (14)
P(2)—O(3)—C(4)	116.62 (12)	115.40 (12)
O(3)—C(4)—C(5)	109.65 (17)	108.83 (18)
O(3)—C(4)—C(41)	106.62 (14)	106.55 (15)
C(5)—C(4)—C(41)	114.76 (15)	115.73 (16)
C(4)—C(5)—C(6)	107.53 (16)	107.70 (16)
C(4)—C(5)—C(51)	112.04 (16)	112.68 (18)
C(4)—C(5)—C(52)	109.83 (18)	109.5 (2)
C(6)—C(5)—C(51)	109.99 (19)	110.3 (2)
C(6)—C(5)—C(52)	107.37 (16)	106.53 (17)
C(51)—C(5)—C(52)	109.95 (17)	109.97 (19)
O(1)—C(6)—C(5)	111.09 (16)	111.76 (16)
C(4)—C(41)—C(42)	118.99 (13)	118.71 (13)
C(4)—C(41)—C(46)	121.01 (14)	121.27 (14)
F(1)—C(42)—C(41)	120.51 (12)	120.41 (12)
F(1)—C(42)—C(43)	119.44 (14)	119.47 (14)
C(2)—N(2)—C(20)	113.97 (16)	113.99 (17)
O(10)—C(1)—C(2)	109.76 (18)	112.76 (19)
O(10)—C(1)—C(11)	112.33 (15)	109.27 (16)
C(2)—C(1)—C(11)	110.08 (16)	108.45 (16)
N(2)—C(2)—C(1)	108.02 (15)	109.69 (18)
N(2)—C(2)—C(3)	109.64 (17)	110.77 (19)
C(1)—C(2)—C(3)	113.18 (17)	113.25 (18)
C(1)—C(11)—C(12)	119.15 (13)	117.98 (13)
C(1)—C(11)—C(16)	120.86 (15)	121.81 (14)
C(6)—O(1)—P(2)—O(3)	53.42 (15)	53.99 (14)
C(6)—O(1)—P(2)—O(21)	-63.92 (15)	167.48 (14)
C(6)—O(1)—P(2)—O(22)	166.06 (13)	-62.64 (15)
C(4)—O(3)—P(2)—O(1)	-53.50 (15)	-56.90 (16)
C(4)—O(3)—P(2)—O(21)	64.11 (16)	-170.88 (14)
C(4)—O(3)—P(2)—O(22)	-167.09 (14)	61.55 (16)
C(5)—C(4)—O(3)—P(2)	59.67 (18)	63.09 (18)
C(41)—C(4)—O(3)—P(2)	-175.53 (11)	-171.47 (12)
O(3)—C(4)—C(5)—C(6)	-58.6 (2)	-59.4 (2)
O(3)—C(4)—C(5)—C(51)	62.4 (2)	62.5 (2)
O(3)—C(4)—C(5)—C(52)	-175.11 (16)	-174.80 (16)
C(41)—C(4)—C(5)—C(6)	-178.52 (16)	-179.25 (16)
C(41)—C(4)—C(5)—C(51)	-57.5 (2)	-57.4 (2)
C(41)—C(4)—C(5)—C(52)	64.9 (2)	65.3 (2)
O(3)—C(4)—C(41)—C(42)	147.98 (15)	145.97 (15)
O(3)—C(4)—C(41)—C(46)	-32.4 (2)	-32.6 (2)
C(5)—C(4)—C(41)—C(42)	-90.4 (2)	-92.9 (2)
C(5)—C(4)—C(41)—C(46)	89.18 (19)	88.5 (2)
C(4)—C(5)—C(6)—O(1)	60.9 (2)	59.2 (2)
C(51)—C(5)—C(6)—O(1)	-61.4 (2)	-64.2 (2)
C(52)—C(5)—C(6)—O(1)	178.99 (19)	176.53 (19)
C(5)—C(6)—O(1)—P(2)	-62.1 (2)	-60.2 (2)
C(4)—C(41)—C(42)—F(1)	-3.0 (2)	-2.8 (2)
C(4)—C(41)—C(42)—C(43)	179.59 (14)	-178.63 (15)
C(46)—C(41)—C(42)—F(1)	177.40 (14)	175.84 (15)
C(4)—C(41)—C(46)—C(45)	-179.58 (15)	178.60 (15)
F(1)—C(42)—C(43)—C(44)	-177.43 (14)	-175.89 (15)
O(10)—C(1)—C(2)—N(2)	64.2 (2)	-86.3 (2)
O(10)—C(1)—C(2)—C(3)	-57.4 (2)	38.0 (2)
C(11)—C(1)—C(2)—N(2)	-171.68 (15)	152.53 (16)
C(11)—C(1)—C(2)—C(3)	66.7 (2)	-83.2 (2)
O(10)—C(1)—C(11)—C(12)	-174.62 (15)	162.89 (18)
O(10)—C(1)—C(11)—C(16)	5.5 (2)	-22.4 (3)

difference Fourier syntheses were used to find the remaining non-H atoms. The structure of (1) was solved using the fractional coordinates of the phosphorinane moiety of (2). Difference Fourier syntheses revealed all remaining non-H atoms. Full-matrix least-squares refinement based on F^2 (Sheldrick, 1976), with H atoms at calculated positions (except for the H10 atom in both structures, which was located from difference Fourier syntheses). Anisotropic thermal parameters for all non-H atoms, H atoms refined isotropically. Positional parameters and temperature factors are given

Table 3 (cont.)

	(1)	(2)
C(2)—C(1)—C(11)—C(12)	62.8 (2)	-73.8 (2)
C(2)—C(1)—C(11)—C(16)	-117.17 (18)	100.88 (19)
C(1)—C(2)—N(2)—C(20)	154.16 (18)	-160.99 (19)
C(3)—C(2)—N(2)—C(20)	-82.1 (2)	73.3 (2)
C(1)—C(11)—C(12)—C(13)	-179.9 (2)	174.78 (16)
C(1)—C(11)—C(16)—C(15)	179.9 (2)	-174.58 (16)

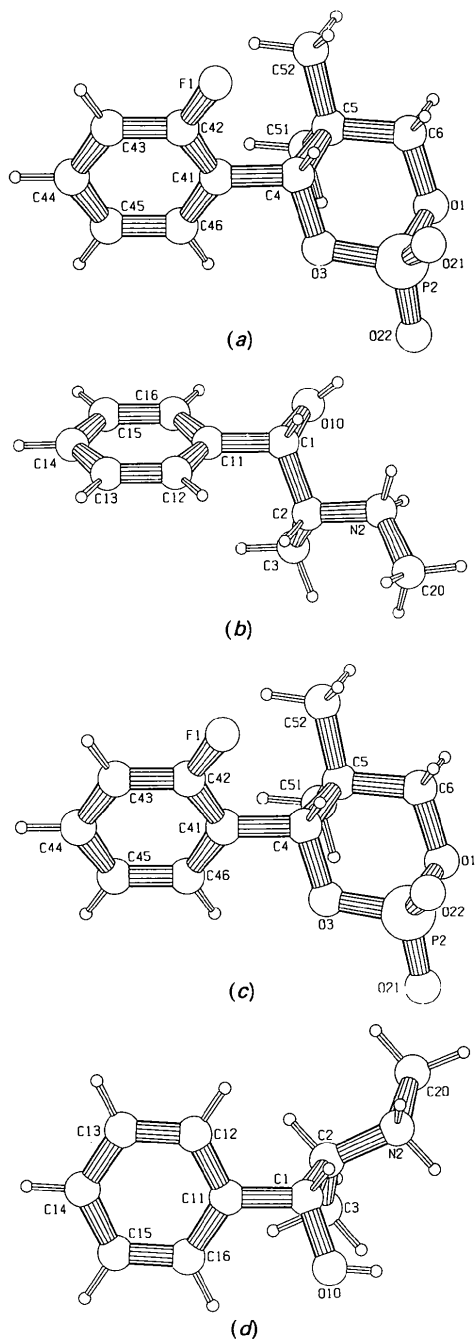


Fig. 1. Perspective drawings of the (-)-phosphorinane moieties of (a) salt (1) and (c) salt (2), and (b) the (+)-ephedrine moiety of (1) and (d) the (-)-ephedrine moiety of (2) showing the atomic numbering of non-H atoms.

in Table 2.* Selected bond lengths, angles and torsion angles are given in Table 3. Perspective drawings of the molecules are shown in Fig. 1 and packing diagrams in Fig. 2. Scattering factors as in *SHELX76* (Sheldrick, 1976). Geometry calculations and pictures obtained using the *EUCLID* package (Spek, 1982). Calculations were performed on a PDP11/23 and VAX 3800.

Related literature. These crystal structure determinations were undertaken as part of an ongoing research project to gain insight into the processes involved in the resolution of enantiomers *via* diastereomeric salt formation. The synthesis of the chiral acidic resolving phosphorinane agent is described by van

* Lists of structure factors, anisotropic thermal parameters, H-atom parameters and full lists of bond lengths, angles and torsion angles have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 54673 (50 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Technical Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England. [CIF reference: AB0244]

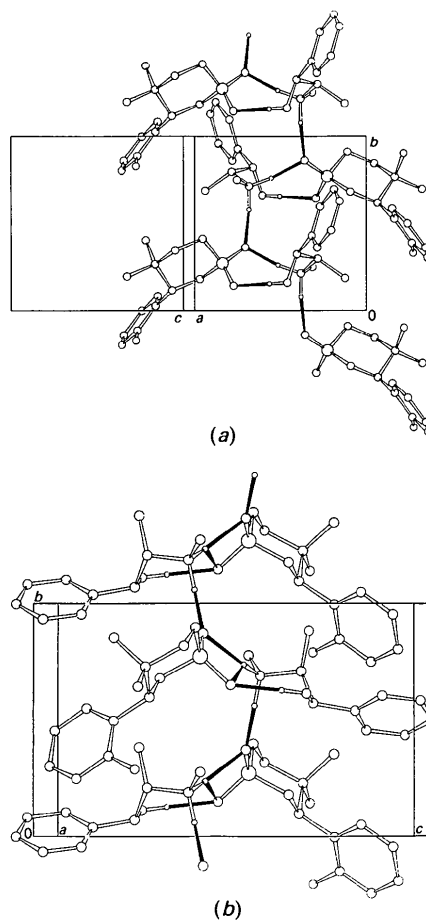


Fig. 2. Molecular packing, showing the hydrogen chains along the *b* axes: (a) salt (1) and (b) salt (2).

der Haest, Wynberg, Leusen & Bruggink (1990). Previous crystal structure determinations of related compounds include Kok, Wynberg, Smits, Beurskens & Parthasarathi (1987); Smits, Beurskens, Kok & Wynberg (1987); Smits, Beurskens, Parthasarathi, Rijk, Kok & Wynberg (1987); Kok, Wynberg, Parthasarathi, Smits & Beurskens (1987); and Bruins Slot, Leusen, van der Haest & Smits, 1992). Salt (1) may be called FINAM, and salt (2) FINAP.* The resolving power of the phosphorinane agents in these compounds is described by van der Haest *et al.* (1990).

A detailed description of the crystal packing, to identify interactions which determine the differences in resolution efficiency of the resolving agent for a pair of diastereomeric salts, has been published (Leusen, Bruins Slot, Noordik, van der Haest, Wynberg & Bruggink, 1991). A second paper on this subject will be published shortly by the same authors.

This investigation was supported (FJJL & ADvdH) by the Netherlands Foundation of Technical Research (STW) with financial aid from

* These names are composed of the general code INA, used for all compounds in the mentioned series, followed by M or P, indicating the two diastereomers of a pair (minus and plus rotation of plane polarized light). Eventual substituents at the aromatic moiety of the acid are indicated by prefixes, like F.

the Netherlands Organization for the Advancement of Pure Research (NWO). Use of the services and facilities of the Dutch CAOS/CAMM Center, under grant Nos. SON-326-052 and STW-NCH99.1751, is gratefully acknowledged.

References

- BOLHUIS, F. VAN (1971). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **4**, 263–264.
 BRUINS SLOT, H. J., LEUSEN, F. J. J., VAN DER HAEST, A. D. & SMITS, J. M. M. (1992). *Acta Cryst.* **C48**, 372–376.
 Enraf–Nonius (1985). *SDP/PDP*. Enraf–Nonius and B. A. Frenz & Associates, Inc., Delft, The Netherlands.
 HAEST, A. D. VAN DER, WYNBERG, H., LEUSEN, F. J. J. & BRUGGINK, A. (1990). *Recl Trav. Chim. Pays-Bas*, **109**, 523–528.
 KOK, A. M. G., WYNBERG, H., PARTHASARATHI, V., SMITS, J. M. M. & BEURSKENS, P. T. (1987). *Acta Cryst.* **C43**, 1336–1341.
 KOK, A. M. G., WYNBERG, H., SMITS, J. M. M., BEURSKENS, P. T. & PARTHASARATHI, V. (1987). *Acta Cryst.* **C43**, 1328–1331.
 LEUSEN, F. J. J., BRUINS SLOT, H. J., NOORDIK, J. H., VAN DER HAEST, A. D., WYNBERG, H. & BRUGGINK, A. (1991). *Recl Trav. Chim. Pays-Bas*, **110**, 13–18.
 NES, G. J. H. VAN & VAN BOLHUIS, F. (1978). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **11**, 206–207.
 SHELDRIK, G. M. (1976). *SHELX76*. Program for crystal structure determination. Univ. of Cambridge, England.
 SMITS, J. M. M., BEURSKENS, P. T., KOK, A. M. G. & WYNBERG, H. (1987). *Acta Cryst.* **C43**, 1331–1333.
 SMITS, J. M. M., BEURSKENS, P. T., PARTHASARATHI, V., RIJK, E. A. V., KOK, A. M. G. & WYNBERG, H. (1987). *Acta Cryst.* **C43**, 1334–1336.
 SPEK, A. L. (1982). The *EUCLID* Package. In *Computational Crystallography*, edited by D. SAYRE. Oxford: Clarendon Press.

Acta Cryst. (1992). **C48**, 590–592

Structure of a Nucleoside Analogue 2',3'-Dideoxy-3',5-difluorouridine*

BY D. H. EVERAERT, O. M. PEETERS, N. M. BLATON AND C. J. DE RANter†

Laboratorium voor Analytische Chemie en Medicinale Fysicochemie, Instituut voor Farmaceutische Wetenschappen, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, Van Evenstraat 4, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium

AND A. VAN AERSCHOT AND P. HERDEWIJN

Laboratorium voor Farmaceutische Chemie, Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium

(Received 5 July 1991; accepted 17 September 1991)

Abstract. 1-(2,3-Dideoxy-3-fluoro-β-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl)-5-fluorouracil, C₉H₁₀F₂N₂O₄, *M_r* = 248.19, monoclinic, *P*2₁, *a* = 5.8653 (2), *b* = 11.1843 (7), *c* = 15.9975 (12) Å, β = 93.308 (4)°, *V* =

1047.7 (1) Å³, *Z* = 4, *D_m* = 1.58, *D_x* = 1.574 Mg m⁻³, Ni-filtered Cu Kα radiation, λ = 1.54178 Å, μ = 1.250 mm⁻¹, *F*(000) = 512, *T* = 298 K, final *R* = 0.049 for 1685 unique observed reflections [*F* > 6σ(*F*)]. The asymmetric unit contains two molecules *A* and *B*. For molecule *A*, the *N*-glycosidic torsion angle χ has a value of -167.6 (4)° in the *anti* range. Since the terminal CH₂OH group attached to atom

* Structural Studies of Modified Nucleosides. XV. Part XIV: De Winter, De Ranter, Blaton, Peeters, Van Aerschot & Herdewijn (1992).

† To whom correspondence should be addressed.